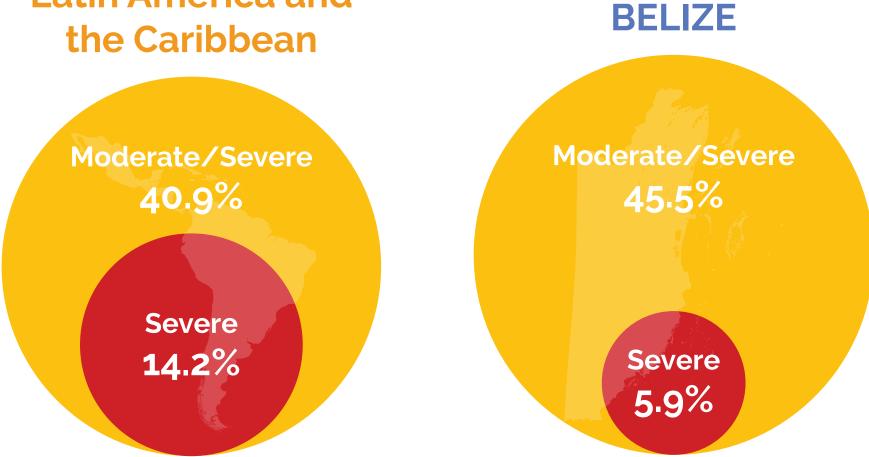
PREVALENCE OF FOOD INSECURITY **IN BELIZE, 2021**

Household food insecurity occurs when the quality or amount of food consumed is compromised (moderate food insecurity) or when there is a decrease in food intake and interruption of eating routines (severe food insecurity).

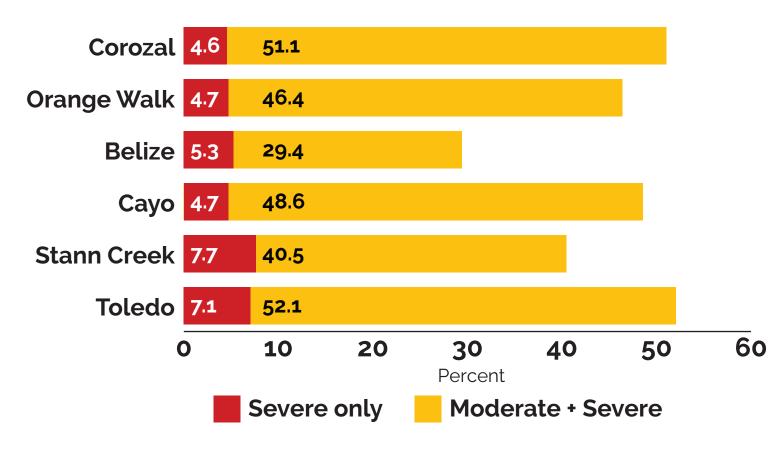
Food insecurity along a continuum of severity

Uncertainty regarding ability to obtain food	Compromising on food quality and variety.	Reducing food quantity, skipping meals.	No food for a day or more.	
FOOD SECURITY TO MILD FOOD INSECURITY	MODERATE FOOD INSECURITY		SEVERE FOOD INSECURITY	
Estimated prevalence of food insecurity by area 2020/2021				

Latin America and



Estimated prevalence of food insecurity by district 2020/2021



Moderate Food insecurity

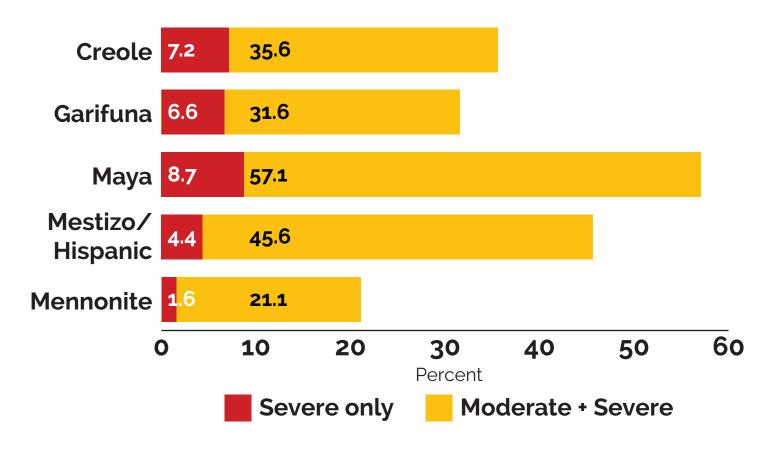
People experiencing moderate food insecurity face uncertainties about their ability to obtain food, and have been forced to compromise on the quality and/or quantity of the food they consume

2 ZERO HUNGER

Severe Food Insecurity

People experiencing severe food insecurity have typically run out of food and, at worst, gone a day (or days) without eating

Estimated prevalence of food insecurity by ethnicity 2020/2021



Source: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (2021). Prevalence of Food Insecurity in Belize (2021). (Available at: http://sib.org.bz/wp-content/uploads/FIES_AnalysisReportBelize.pdf)